TIDINGS of PEACE,

OR

Acure for the many Evills that happen in the world about Religion, in a discourse

O F

The New Jerusalem,

Proveing

That The New Jerusalem is a Holy Citty to be built on Earth in each Kingdom, in which The Clergie are to dwell; Whereby a New and most happy Ecclesiasticall Administration will arise.



(6)

Behold I will bring it Health and Cure and I will Cure Themand I will Reveal unto Themabundance of Peace and Truth.

Jer. 33: v. 6.

And I Iohn Saw The Holy Citie the New Jerusalem, comeing downe from God out of Heaven, prepared as a Bride aderned for her husband. Rev. 21: v. 2.

And Hee that fate upon the Throne, faid Behold I make all things New. v. 5.

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served Reveal two Two dundage of Poace and Truth.

And I tohn Saw The Holy Citie the New Jernfalem,

And Mee that fate upon the Throne, faid Behold I make all things



To the Clergie.

Srs.



He Dedication of the ensueing Modell of the Holy Citty doth most properly belong to you, as being the Lords Heritage and Servants: In the old Administration, The Sons of Aron had Thirteene Cittyes and the Levites eight and Fourty, but in the New and better Administration the Servants of Jesus haue not one Citty to dwell in amongst all the Kingdomes of the Earth. Methinks I heare you , Speaking as the Sons of the Prophets to Elisha , vizt: Loe the Place where wee dwell is to strait

for us, Let us goe unto Jordan and take thence every one a beame, and Lett us make a Place there where wee may dwell. Tis certaine your Place is to Strait, and though Some of you have roome toomuch, yet others (unhappy unequality) have noe Place at all. I could Prefent you with a Catalogue of all the Evills you have suffered for many yeares, and of the many evills the world hath sufferd by you. But Prima abierunt, & Eece nova facio omnia, Old Things are passed away, and loe I make all things New, Saith Christ in the Revel: I shall omit mentioning the forma Evills and proceed to the remedying of them. And doe here prefent you with a modell of a New OEconomie, and tis this. I have appointed you 2 Citty in each Nation and Kingdome to dwell in, where in you shalle line peaceably and quietly, and shall be sufficiently provided for of all things necessary for your holy Functions, foe that all Temptations shall be taken away from you of acting or moveing irregularly; From this Citty placed in the midft' of each Nation, you are to goe or ride out as it shall please you, every month by turnes, and heale each Nation, and on the Bells of your horses shall be wrote Holynesse to the Lord. The Kings & Princes of the world and all Temporall Governments will find their accout, in building

you such a Citty, for tis not to be expressed what happinesse will accrue to them and to all the world thereby : This Citty will put an end to all the miseryes the World labours under on account of Religion And wee shall heare from you rideing on your Red, white, and Speckled Horses that Joyfull Report mentioned in the Ift. cap. of the Prophet Zacha. & II. verfe. Wee have walked to and fro thorow the Earth, and behold all the Earth sitteth fill and is at Reft. If this be the glorious effects of your circular Preaching as wee have all the reason in the world to thinke it will. Tis no wonder that the Kings of the Earth will bring their Glory and honour into this Citty, not onely as it is a Citty dedicated to the honour of God, but as it is a Citty whose Inhabitans will establish Peace and Tranquillitty in their Kingdoms. It was in the heart of King David, to build God a House, and though God had not commanded it, yet he most graciously accepted his good intentions. But it has not yet been in the heart of any King to build God a Citty they have built themselnes Cittyes for their owne honour and glory. Is not this Great Babylon that I have built for the House of the Kingdome, by the might of my Power and for the honour of my Majtye! Thus speakes the proud Emperour Nebuchadnezzar, and he spoake rhe truth, he had built Babell for the honour of his Majty. And many are the Cittyes, which both the Heathen and Christian Emperours have built for their owne honour, and haue put uppor them their owne Names, as Cæfarea, Allexandria, Constantinople, &c. but wee find not one by the Name of Deople or Christople. When Iconsider how in a speciall manner Gods hath set Crownes on many Christian Princes heades, and has raised some from a Private station to the highest dignity, and given them Severall Kingdomes and many Thousand Cittyes, Isay when I consider this, it makes me wonder, to find none returning back one fingle Citty by way of gratitude to the Donour. Pudet hac opprobria nobis &c. Tis True They have built and ginen him Severall Houses, But what is a House or a few Houses A magnificent and Royall Citty would be more Suitable to the Majtie of Heaven and Earth then a House? Besides in this Citty he hath faid shall be noe Temple, plainely infinuateing that the Temple Administration should be ended and be changed into that of a Citty. To me it feemes to be a most Just and reasonable Thing That in Every Nation and Kingdom God the Giuer and Governour of all should have one Citty built and dedicated to his Honour, wherem his Seruants who wait in his Courts and Minister at the Altar should be honourably provided for, that their Lineings and fortunes may noe more be precarions, and subject to the Will of men, as to the Shame of Christianity they are at this day. I could mention what evill hath befaln the World on account of Gods Ministers beingchosen by men and not by Lot, and by haueing their allowance and dependance from Man, but I shall here omit it haueing spoaken of it in another place.

place. I could heartily wish that Christian Kings and Princes and all Temporall Governments would Seriously consider on this Point. Who can tell but that their building Such a Citty, in which the Dispensers of Gods Graces and Bleffings to each Nation, may dwell, may be as Sweet incense in the Nostrills of God in and some measure attone him, to stop the Rage of Fire and Sword which at present layer somany of their owne Cittyes wast? I will hope there fore, That (as Dauid Thought of building Gods a House) foe that Some King or other, whom God shall deliner from many Troubles, and bestow on him Crownes and victory over his Enimyes, and shall Establish him on his Throne in Peace, will thinke of so holy a worke, and with a most gratefull heart build a Royall Citty to the God of Heaven, as a Pattern and Example to other Princes. And tis my oppinion that That Prince who first sets his hand to so holy a worke will as far exceed all others , as a Citty shall exceed a house or Temple For as Soloman exceed all other Kings of his Time. To you Therefore the Preachers of the Gospell who are to be Inhabiters of this Citty, To you, whose interests are foe unhappily mixt in Temporalls, To you who have beene foe much abused, and who have abused so much, To you who are, and have beene foe unhappily and unequally provided for in this Late Administration, I addresse my selfe; And make it my Request, that instead of writeing, disputing and Preaching one against another, and instead of makeing partyes and Factions, and stirring up Kings and Princes and the Particular States where you dwell to defend your Controversyes and interests; That you rather apply your selves to dispose and move the Hearts of Prince and People to the building you a Citty, wherein you may line peaccably, and out of wen, you may with ease and Comfort dispence the pure word of God to This will be more for the Honour of God, for your interest Each Nation. and happinesse, and for the interest peace and Happinesse of each King and People. And who then is willing to confecrate his Service this day unto the Lord? The I Cron. 29 cap. & 5 verse. This to me seemes to be a more. pleafing Text theu, Curse ye Meros, or Some others that Icould Name, I recommend you to the Demonstration of Truth in the modell of the Citty and followeing Pages, and will not further adde, onely when your Citty is built, and you are in your Possessions, Ihope you will be very Thanke full to God, ands not be alltogether unmindfull of

Yo'. Humble Servant

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Line months for the state of the chief chief to wen't think to confide as the foirt. Who cap tell Shabet 2000 3,74 ad gen ringeb ezit en to Seal sis qu'il et l'en l'a l'après se l'après se Anothe de of the de of the LOUIS TO THE TRANSPORT Had bush or and this or even by his our the Peace . . said the co or seed to be seed to Mark to Low W. or Valo a 12 " of H the addition was a but the Hoome the railey where a said encode findo in ion ou stationary land are bers of ות אלופי של בוא בועות בל נפשא קים אל וחובופות enucias Temperales da vocamina man deste foe onech or he shift or said. To real she are , son have beene I decomplimited and to be a not below of the care to the day to book and a sone of the con-27 1187 100 lan w bridd har and to and seeing the stage and traces and the Particular Sinters If to delend your Controve has said autrolle : That you im fires to aid ore and move the Hears of Price. and People spend (inv. mt man you not here percently, and out of of hall by Line was the pure way of Cat to Lots will to the factor for our of God, in still me still and for the this of peace and then in he of each King and who then so allong to conferrage his Service this day tinto er Con 29 con. Ref veile. This to me feenes to be emore ficus Curio ver hierons, or Some a fine leould North you to the December of of The When odell of the Carry Per is a seed wert from the day a weet full grown Cong Sangil Ville Lilliw, Lorson , Front Little Volume und ale rot le auregener membered et des

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Od saith by the Prophet Isaiah, Behold!

I create a New Heaven and a New Earth &c. in the 56
Cap. & the 17 verse: And from thence in the 18: 19:
& 20 verses. The Prophet proceeds to describe the happinesse of the Jewes in this promised state; And in the 21: verse surther Saith, And They shall build Houses, and inhabite them, and They shall plant Vineyards, and eat the fruit of them &c. Now in Heaven there is neither building, nor planting, so that this New Heaven and New Earth can meane nothing

else but a New and happy state of affaires here uppon Earth. Further in Heaven our Saviour faith that there is neither eating, nor drinking, marrying nor giveing in marriage, but that men shall be there, as the Angells of God. So that I am fattisfied there will be no Citties there. If wee are to have Cities then, wee must haue them on Earth, Now I find two Cities, one in the Proph: Ezek. The other in the Revelation of St. John. I shall leave speaking of the first to the Jewes, and onely treate of this latter, which indeed is very glorious. Without all doubt the meaning is certaine. For in the 22 cap. & 6 verse, tis said. These Sayings are faith full and true. And the Lord God of the Holy Prophets sent his Angell, to Thew unto his servants the things which must shortly be done, But how and where these things are to be done, and what the meaning of this Holy Cittle should be, is the subject of my present Enquiry. Some wil haue it to be Heaven, and when ever this New Jerusalem is spoaken of, that is Heaven say They; Others will have it a representation of the Church purely, and others of a new Condition and happy flate of the Church. But there is not one thinkes in the least of it's being a Citty to be built uppon Earth. First then, as to those that thinke it Heaven, I answer that without all doubt Heaven in a Spirituall sence is the New Jerusalem, but it doth not at all follow that the New Jerusalem is Heaven, especially this New Jerusalem, for it may be a Citty built in the Place where the old Jerufalem was , or another Citty built in another place like the old Jerusalem either in the Modell, or Serving the Same Ends and delignes, And for any of thefe reasons may be called the New Jerusalem. Besides this New Jerusalem is said to come from God our of Heaven, therefore cannot be Heaven it felfe. This is a plaine confutation of all those who thinke

thinke it Heaven. Further it is faid, that the Nations of them web. are Saved I hall walke in the light of it, And that the Kings of the Earth I hall bring their Glory and honour unto it, Now it is certaine that the Kings of the Earth can bring noe Glory or honour into Heaven, but rather receine glory from thence, from God Who is the Fountaine of all honour and Glory; It feemes plaine therefore that this New Jerusalem is not Heaven it selfe, and at best can onely be something that is a Type of Heaven, What can it then be? it cannot be onely a bare representation of the Church, The comparison, and Circumstances will not in the least quadrate, it has toomuch order and beauty in it, to represent any thing wee at present haue, or hitherto have had, in the Church: The Church hitherto is rather represented to us by a Woman in the Wildernesse persecuted by the Dragon Then by such a Glorious Citty as this is. Nor can Wee Suppose that Such a Glorious Citty can be built uppon Earth in a Literall Sense with such costly Materialls. What therefore can the meaning and import of This Citty be, onely to represent to us the beauty and glory of Heaven and of the Church Triumphant? No, not this onely. Yet I must acknowledge in part it doth represent the Same but not wholly. for Tis attended with too many particular Circumstances relating to things here below, then wholly and intirely to fignific that; it must be something which at the first appearence in the World must seeme to Strike and make impression on the Sences of Men. For St. Iohn faith, And Isaw the Holy Citty The New Ierusalem comming downe from God out of Heaven, prepared as a Bride adorned for her Husband. That my Modell is such I will not say. But This is my Sence of the Whole That The New Heaven and the New Earth mentioned by St. John doth represent a New and Glorious Condition of Church and State, And That this New and glorious Condition will be procured by meanes and influence of this New Jerusalem, And that This New Jerusalem is a Citty to be built uppon Earth, after the Same Modell and Form as The Angell hath described, except the costlynesse, which as Isaid before cannot be fullfilled here on Earth; And This Citty-feemes to me by the Angell to be represented soe costly and Magnificent in part to Typifie to us the Glory of Heaven and of the Church Triumphant; and in part to instigate us to build it in the best manner wee can; And in part to infinuate to us, those Glorrious Effects which This New Jerusalem will produce in the World, introduceing a New and most happy O Economie: Its Inhabitans are to be Angeli Evangelizantes Preachers of the Gospell, and every Month, are to goe out and Heale The Nation, for Proofe herof peruse the following Texts of Scripture And He That fate upon the Throne faid Behold, I make all Things New. Johns Revel the 21 cap. & 5 verse, This relates to the New Administration, which I hereafter prove in those things that are changeable, in this world. And it came to paffe that he went throughout Every Citty and Village, preaching and shewing. The Glad Tideings of the Kingdome of God, and the Twelve were with him. Luc. 8. verse I. And Issus went about all the Cittyes and Villages , teaching in their Synagogues, and Preaching the Dostrine of the Kingdome &c. Mat. 9 cap. vers 35. Lo; this

was the Method Our Saviour tooke when on Earth, And can the Disciples imitate a better Coppy then their Masters? And tis certaine that Doctrine wil be best nourished and perserved by the way, and Method it was first planted, I Hane Set Watchmen uppon Thy Walls which [hall never hold their Peace day nor night. Isaiah 62. 5 6. Thy Watchmen [hal Lift up the voice, with the voice together [hall they fing, for they shall See Eye to Eye when The Lord shall bring againe Zion the 52 Cap. 8 vers. And I will fet Shepheards over them that [hall feed them, and they [hall feareno more nor be dismayed, neither f hall they be lacking faith the Lord Jer. 23:4: Then againe God faith by his Proph: Jer. 2 & 15 verse. And I will gine you Pastours according to my heart, which [ball feed you with Knowledge and understanding. The Paffours of this Administration which are to goe out of the City every month to heale the Nation, feem to mee to be the Passours here mentioned. The Proph. Zac. the 14: & 8. faith thus, And it [hall be in that day that Liveing waters [hall goe out from Ferusalem, halfe of them towards the former Sea, and halve of them towards the hinder Sea in summer and in winter shall it be. Can any thing more plainely chalk out the Method of this new Administration then this Text? The lineing waters are Preachers, which are to goe out of this Citty in their courses, Some one way and some another both in Summer and in Winter, that is for ever to the worlds end, for so long will Summer and in Winter last. But as to these liveing waters these Evangelicall Preachers heare what the Prophet Ezek. in the 47 cap. beginning at the 6: verse. Then he brought me and caused me ro returne to the brink of the River. Now when I had returned, Behold at the Banke of the River were very many Trees on the one fide, and on the other. Then faid he unto me, Thefe waters iffue out toward the East Country, and goe downe into the defert, and goe into the Sea, which being brought forth into the Sea, the Waters shall be healed. And it shall come to passe, that every thing that Liveth that moveth, whither soever the Rivers shall come, shall live, and there shall be a very great multitude of Fish, because these Waters (These Preachers) shall come thither: for they shall be healed, and every thing shall line where the River commeth. And it [hall come to Passe, That the Fishers [hall stand uppon it from Engedi even unto Eneglaim : There shall be a Place to Spread forth Netts, Their fish shall be according to their Kindes as the Fish of the Great Sea exceeding many. But the myrie places therof, and the marishes (That is Private flanding Churches that will not heare or admit of these Publick Preachers) shall not be healed but given to Salt. And by the River on the banke thereof, on this side, and on that side, shall grow all Trees for meate, whose leafe shall not fade neither I hall the Fruit thereof be consumed : (that is These Preachers shall not faile to make their constant monthly circuits out of their Citty) it [hell bring forth new fruit according to his Months, because the waters iffued out of the Sanctuary, and the fruit thereof shall be for Meat, and the leafe thereof for medicine. Here The Gospell very propely is Typefied by a River and by waters which cleanse and purifies and heales all places, and makes every thing fruit full wherever they goe, Alfoe the Preachers are Typefied by Fifhers, and by Trees, whose fruit serves both for food

food and Phylick, in further confirmation of which, Heare what St. John fairh , And he shewed me a pure River of water of life cleare as Christall proceeding out of the Throne of God and of the Lamb. In the midft of the freet of it : aud of either fide the River was there the Tree of life, which bare Twelve manner of Fruits, and veilded her fruit every Month, and the leaves of the Trees were for the healing of the Nations. This feemes to be plaine in all the Circumstances thereof, And therefore I have taken the Modell and delineation of the Citty therefrom. But may be some may doubt whether The Throne of God be Jerusalem. To which the Prophet Jerem: will answer for me, in the 2 cap & 16 & 17 verses. Andit Shall come to page when ye be multiplyed and increased in the Land; in those dayes faith the Lord, they [ball fay no more - The Arke of the Covenant of the Lord: neither [hall it come to mind, neither [hall they Remember it, neither [hall they Vifite it, neither shall that be done any more. At that Time they shall call Fernsalen The Throne of the Lord, and all the Nations shall by gathered unto it, to the Name of the Lord to Jerusalem. As to the Fountaine I have put in the middle to gine fource to the Rivers. See what the Prophet Zach, faith the 12 cap, verse 1. In that Day [hall there be a Fountaine opened to the House of David for sin and for uncleanesse. And and a Fountaine shall come Forth of The House of the Lord, and shall water the Valley of Shittim Icell 2 & 18: and Our Saviour faith in St: Ino, ye 4 Cap, & 14 verfe, Whosoever shall drinke of the Water that Ishall gine him, shall never thirst. But the Water that Ishall give him , Shall be in him a Well of water springing up into everlasting life. The Water which Christ will give, is the Water of the Gospell, out of this Holy Fountaine, this holy Citty, And see how by the Prophet Isaiah he inviteth all to these waters in the 55 cap. & I vers. Ho, Every one that thir feeth, come ye to the Waters, and he that hath no mony; come ve buy and eat, yea come by wine and milke without money and without price. Many have paid very deare for a draught of these Waters, But old things are passed away, and all things are become New. These Evangelical Preachers Shall goe from Towne to Towne and from Citty to Citty, and are to offer thefe Waters of the Gospell Gratis, inviteing all to come, and drink, and will not in the least be chargeable to any one, being sufficiently provided for from their Citty, with allthings, necessary for their Function and voyage, If any man Thirst let him come unto me and drink saith our Saviour John the 7. & 37. and in the Rev: the 21. & 6. I will give him that is a thirst of the Fountaine of the water of Life freely. And in the 22 cap. & 17 verse. And let bim that is a thirst come, and who soever will let him take the water of life freely. But then again as to the Preachers goeing to and fro, the following Texts seemes to be very favourable Gen. 28. & 12. And hedreamed and be hold a Ladder set uppon the Earth, and the Top of it reached to Heaven. And behold the Angells of God ascending and descending: These Angells of God seeme to represent these Evangellicall Angells who from Heaven this New Jerusalem are to got to and fro, to doe Gods message and to dispence his word and blessing among the sons

of men in each Land. And in Dan, the 12 & 4. And thou o Daniell Shut up These words, and scale up this, writing to the Time of the End: What are These words and this writeing which are to be sealed up to the Time of the End? To me it feelings to be the enfueing fentence which is a fentence intire and independent of it felfe, haveing noe Relation either to the words goeing before or after vizt. Many shall goe to and fro and Knowledge shall be increased. That is from this New Jerusalem many Preachers shall goe to and fro, instructing and preaching to the People, where by Knowledge I hall be increased. But the Proph: Zacha seemes yet to be plainer both as to the manner of These Preachers goeing out, as alsoe to the happy Effect of Their Doctrine in the I cap. & 7 verse, Hesaith thus, And Isaw by night and behold a man rideing uppon a red horse, and he stood among the Myrtle Trees, that were in the Bottome, and byhim were red Horses speckled and white (for these Preachers to ride on) then faid I o my Lord what are Thefe? And the Angell that talked with me, faid unto me I will shew thee what these be, And the Man that stood among the Myrtle trees, answered and said these are they whom the Lord hath sent to walke to and fro thorow the Earth (And now observe the happy Effects of their preaching,) And they answered the Angell of the Lord, that flood amongs the Myrtle Tees & faid Wee Have walked to and fro thorow the Earth . And behold all the Earth fitteth fill and is at Reft. But least it should be doubted the office of these Walkers is not to settle peace and quietnesse in the world, but onely to passe through and view the World, my sence herein seemes to be confirmed in the 6 cap. & 7 verse, where speakeing of Four Charriots fent out From God, in the first of which were Red Horses, in the second Blacke, in the third white, in the fourth grizzled and Bay Horses, tis said, And the Bay went forth, and fought to go, that they might malke to and fro thorow the Earth: And he faid get yet hence, Walke to, and fro, thorough the Earth. Then cryed he upon me and spake unto me, saying Behold These that goe toward the North Country have Quieted my spirit in the North Country, foe that it feemes plaine to me that the office both of those that rode on the Horses, and in the Charrets, was to quiet the Earth. The Earth at Present hath much need of being quieted, Pray God of his merey fend and Establish These To and fro Walkers. When they come Wee shall say as tis in the Proph. Isaiah cap. 52. & 7 vesse. How Beautifull uppon the Mountaines are the Feete of thim that bringeth good Tideings that Publisheth Peace, that bringeth good Tideings of Good, that Publisherh Salvation, that saith unto Sion thy God Reigneth. Ihope These Arguments and Texts of Scripture carry such a Face of probabillity uppon them as to perswade any Person disengaged from prejudice, to be lieve that a Holy Citty is to be build upon Earth, which is to Give birth to a New Administration. And Why may wee not beleeve that God may use the fame OEconomie in His Church as he doth in the World, fince what conduces to the good of one will alsoe conduce to the happinesse of the other. The Earth A 3

is at it were pallive, acted on by the Heavenly influences, the Sun the Moone and flarrs and all the Heavenly spheeres make Their continual and conflant circuits round it, administring their Light and heat, makeing day and night and differing feafons, and impregnateing the dull matter foe as it may bring forth food both for man and beaft in due feason. And wee find that Gods OE conomie in the Little World man, is the same as tis in the Great one. He makes his Blood and Spiritts to make their constant circuits, and thereby Keepes his Body in due frame and temper. This Spirituall OEconomie would procure the like effect, For this Citty would be as the Sun in the Firmament, or the Heart in Mans body, for as the Heart by continuall fending forth blood and Spirits into all the Members of the Body procureth a perfect health; So These Heavenly Preachers acting on the Dull minds of men, dispersing their Heavenly influences as they goe, in a continual ltineration and circulation through all the Cittyes and Villages of each Nation, would fettle each Nation in perfect peace and Tranquillity. I have faid each Nation, because I believe that a Holy Citty will be built in each Nation. For though I beleeve that the Citty which the recalled Jewes will build in the Holy-Land will be the most Glorious Citty and more honoured by God then the Reft, yet I believe not that Thee is to be built and no other, Nor that shee is to have superiority or Command over the Reft, this would be to run backe into Ægipt and into the old Babylonif h Captivity, and wee should not better our selves, by the change of Administrations haveing onely changed Rome for Jerusalem; Besides to confine all power & Dominon to one Citty or Nation, would be a weaknesse that would fall much short of that Perfection wee fay this New OEconomie is to have, for one Citty or Nation cannot fend out fuch speedy orders and commands as to serve the present necessityes and exigencyes of the whole World, especially to the remotest Nations: The fall of Romes both Temporall and spiritual power, will convince such a Government of Weaknesse, soe that Jerusalem I believe will onely have the honour of an Elder fifter but noe more power then the Rest. The Reft Isay, for I supose others, and that Thee is not to be built alone, for that The would not be able fend out preachers to ferue the necessityes of the whole world: I know very many promifes are made to Jerusalem, and I acknowledge that many are made to her in a particular manner, which she aloue shall enjoy. Yet notwithflanding this, tis certaine, that most of the Promises made to her are made as to a part for the whole, and that the whole Church is interreffed therein, there fore When the Proph: Zacha. faith. And it shall be that who fo will not come up of all the Familyes of the Earth to Jerusalem to Worl hip the King the Lord of Hofts even uppon them shall he noe raine, I cannot underfland the meaning of this to be, that all the World should goe up to Jerusalem in Palestine once a yeare, For some live soe remote that they cannot goe thither and returne backe in a yeares Time, Nor doe I thinke that God would oblige all the world to so painefull a voyage. Yet I believe that when the Jewes are fettled

fettled in their Land and haue built their Citty, zeale will draw up Persons of all Nations to vifit their Land, I say zeale, to see that Land and People whom God hath bleffed and not obligation will draw them up. And as to the obligation, When God faith that All Nations shall goe up to Jerusalem to worship him there, I rather believe that Persons of every Nation shall go up once a yeare to their owne Jerusalem, I say some persons and not all. For all must not be admitted to enter in it, onely such as bring good Testimonialls of their Christian Conversation and holy lineing. For David alludeing to this Holy Citty faith. Lord Who fhall abide in thy Tabernacle? and who fhall dwell in thy Holy Hill? He that walketh uprightly, and worketh righteoulnesse and speaketh the trueth in his heart. An St. John faith There f hall in noe wise enter into it any thing that defileth &c. Bleffed are they that do his commandments ehat they may have Right to thee Tree of Life, and may enter in thorow the Gates into the Citty, For without are Dogges &c. fo that when God faith that all Nations shall come up to worship him at Jerusalem, I understand by Jerufalem all other Jerusalems, as a part for the Whole, And by All Nations I understand Some of Every Nation to represent all, And these Figures are very common in holy writ. But some will say that What the Proph. Dauid and St. John speake of, is Heaven; in the ultimate degree and scope I allow it is heaven. But I contend earnestly that wee must first haue the Types upon Earth, And what can Typifie Heaven better then a Holy Citty whose Inhabitans are to be Gods fervants and Ministers, representing the Angells, and into which no impure thing, no unholy man fhall enter, but fuch as are of an unblemifhed life and Conversation. But suppose it was Heaven absolutly, I see not, but that the imitation of Things done in Heaven, here on Earth is very commendable. For the better Strengthening of the Proposition of this my Holy Citty and

New OEconomie I would further fuggest the ensuring Considerations. That the Jewes as yet haue had no benifit of Our Saviours Death And are at Present a wretched miserable People, under Gods displeasure, dispersed over the Face of the whole Earth. That the Christians as yet have had noe Settled or lasting Peace amongst them since their embraceing so peaceable and holy a Religion: so that I think it will be easily granted me that the Religion of the Holy Jesus has not as yet had it's proper and Naturall Effects upon Earth. And that all those glorious promises of Justice, peace, and Truth, made by God to the lewes in the old Testament, and to the Christians in the New are not yet accomplished: And as I take it for granted that they are not yet accomplished, so I more certainly take it for granted that they will be; for all the promises of God are Yea and Amen. It cannot enter into my Mind that the Son of God should come into the world, and take upon him humane Nature and preach unto Mankind. And that the World should remaine in the Same unhappie circumstances of War and mifery as it was before. Tis true I know he faith that he came not to send peace into the world but a Sword. But this he speakes of the accidentall

effect of his doctrine and not the naturall. His doctrine has noe such innate propensity in it selfe, but such Evill Effects come ab extra Wee may with great Justice therefore Expect the naturall Effects of Christs doctrine upon Earth. God hath promised it, and very pathetically describes the state of its accidentall Effects, and its Naturall in the 8 cap. of Zacha. and beginning at the 10 verse. faith He. Before These dayes (speakeing of this New OEconomia) there was no hire for man, nor any hire for beaft, neither was there any Peace to him that weut out, or came in, because of affliction: for I set all men every one against his Neighbour. But nour I will not be unto the Residue of this People, as in the former dayes faith the Lord of Hofts. For the feed shall be prosperous: The vine Shall give her fruit, and the Ground shall give her encrease, And the Heavens shall give their dew, and I will cause the Remnant of this Teople to posesse all these things. It has beene the Expectation of many devoue and Pious Christians for this Last hundred yeares, to see the Prophesyes and Promises of God fullfilled, to fee the Jewes converted, the Church in a most Flourishing condition, and Peace Truth and Justice Established upon Earth: But their Expectations have failed them; and wee are still in the darke: so that the Present Times seemes to be that Dunkell Day Spoaken of by the Proph. Zacha. Knowne onely to the Lord, in weh. it should be neither Day nor night but faith that in the Evening there should be Light: which is of great infreshment to al those good Soules who waite for this bleffed evening. It must be confessed, that tis neither Day nor night with us, Wee have waited and looked up and calculated, and all our calculations have bene Erroneous But notwithstanding wee haue erred yet God cannot mistake, he is true, and will certainly send forth his Light and his Truth in due Time; For the Writeings of the Prophets are not as wast paper, or the Fables of Poets, but the reall dictates of the Spirit of God. Men There fore may with great reason Expect Glorious and happy Times because God hath promised them, their Expectation is good and commendable but nothing else. For they neither rightly enquire into the Nature of thinges. Nor are fitted to receive any fuch Mercyes. First Isay they make not right Enquiry into things. Tis true they may depend wpon God to fulfill his owne promises, Yet they ought a little to inspect into the meanes, For God workes all his purposes, by just and propper Mediums; Glorious Times are expected, But wee ought to fay How! by which wayes ! and methods, and from what spring will they have their originall? the naturall Answer hereto will be by changeing something, this ought next therefore be enquired into vizt. on what Bottom and Ground the Naturall and Pollitical Conflitution of this World stands: And fince These Happy Times are to come by Changes, Wee ought dilligently to find out Those things which will admitt of a change, and those things which will not, And this will facilitate the worke and make us more easily comply with those Mediums and Propositions which are a mough the changeable predicaments. The Things the refore here below that.

that are unchangeable for brevitys fake I shall comprehend under Seaven Heads as folls.

2. Pleasure and paine.

3. Buisnesse under which may be comprehended the inequallity of Persons and Differing Intress of Men.

4. The Faculty of Chooseing, under which may be comprehended the

passions and affections of Men.

5. Divine Worship and Love to our Neighbour.

6. Justice.

7. Power. These are all Essentials and perpetuals, constituting the naturals and Politicals Administration of this World, And to take a way any of these is to pull downe the pillars of the Earth. It must therefore be granted me that what ever things are changed in order to pocure the Expected Times These must continue in statu qno. Then 2^{dly}.

The things that are changeable are onely Three vizt.

I. The Minds and opinions of Men. These are Acciden-

2. The Outward Administration of Justice and Power. Stalia and mutable, 3. The Outward Administration of Divine Worship. And whatsoever

changes may be ex-

pected in order to the produceing of Happy Times can onely be in these Three.

Firn I need not Prove that the opinions of Men are changeable, it being fufficiently Knowne, And fince the World in a manner is Governed by opinion, and it has so great power & influence over men, It must of necesfity follow that the abolition of many corrupt and bad opinions which at present disturb the peace of the World, and the admission of new ones, more conduceing to its welfare and happinesse; will make up a great part of that felicity which is expected in the change of affaires. Secondly I need not prove that the outward Administration of Justice and Power are changeable. The Names of Despoticke, Monarchick, mixt, Aristocraticke, Democraticke, being the present Inscriptions on these Soveraine Metalls will easily convince this. Nor will I mention which of these Methods of Government is best, Severall Nations haveing beene happy under all of them. And lastly I shall have as Little occasion to prove that the outward Administration of Divine Worship is changeable, for nothing is more apparent in holy Scripture then this; There has beene a feries of mutations, from Noah to Abraham, from Abraham to Moles, from Moles to Soloman, from Solomon to Our Saviour, and from Our Saviour to this day: And Thefe things being well considered I hope the New way of Ecclesiastical Administration proposed

will be more easily admitted: The Present Administration in all Countryes is differing, and very unhappy, especially in England God he Knowes! But rhis most exquisite and uniforme Way I Haue proposed will cure all Evills the World Labours under on this accott. But more of this hereafter. I said before that I found men Expecting to receive the Benifit of happy Times, but noe way willing to comply with any Reasonable propositions that might introduce them. The Greek, the Roman, the Lutheran, the Reformed, the English, and all other private and particular Churches, would have their owne opinions, and particular Method of Administration be established Throughout the And Iam fattisfied that when God shall begin to worke his delignes World. and, fullfill his promises made to the Sons of Men, that they will not be more content Then the Jewes was with Our Saviour, they will think it should be something else, And thinke all should be done after their owne way. But alas! they are mightily mistaken, For heare what God faith by his Propher Isaiah. For my Thoughts are not your Thoughts, neither are your wayes my wayes faith the Lord, For as the Heavens are higher then the Earth fo are my Wayes, higher then your wayes, and my Thoughts then your Thoughts. The Jewes sent the Prophet Jerima. to enquire of God for them what they should do, and made a Protestation to obey what ever should be commanded them, yet when the command came they refused to be obedient, and cleaved to their owne wayes and to the imagination of their owne heart. So it is with us Wee fay in our Prayers thy Kingdome come thy will be done in Earth as it is Heaven, And pray and Expect Glorious Times, yet for all our hopes, and Prayers Wee would have our owne Kingdoms, Our owne will, and our owne wayes be done upon Earth notwithstanding whatever wee may seeme to wish or desire. Great was the hopes and Expectation of the Jewes of a Saviour, And when they had him they crucified him. And Iam fattisfied should he come againe in the flesh to the Christians, in the same humble manner as he did to the Jewes and preach against Some of their evill Customes and Constitutions, The Christians (Notwithstanding their present adoration of him in heaven) would as certainly crucifie him as did the Jewes: for the Nature of mankind is in all places and at all times much the Same, Whoever croffes their humour or intrest or speak againsts any thing in which they have beene educated shall certainly find ill treatment. Our Saviour pulled downe the Jewish OEconomie but it cost him his Life, And the Apostles and Martyrs extinguished the fire on the Heathen Altars, but it was with their Blood, And whoever speakes against the bad customes and constitutions of the Christians no doubt but will find his share of milery. But Gods will be done. But then further since Every Denomination of Christians, haue a differing way of Administration, And fince there are many partyes, and that every party would have their owne way be preferd and to be established in the world before all others; What Remedy is there for these things?

to set up any particular way before the other will not do well, for that will inflame and provoke the opposition of all the Rest. The onely remedy therefoe is to set up a way differing from all, whereby all being pulled downe and none in particular set up or preferred before the other, None will have reason to complaine. And such is the way of Administration I propose, tis different from all their wayes, nay and it is Gods way to, as I plainely prove by Seripture, and then no wonder tis differing from Mens wayes. For as I said before, God saith my Wayes are not like your wayes. But in order to conclude I shall speake a little of the advantages of this

Administration.

Supposeing therefore in Each Kingdome and Nation a Citty built in the midst thereof, Bleffed God! What a Glorious change should wee Sudenly See in the World? What a Blessed Harmony would there be betwixt these Holy and chast Sisters? The Blessed Effects of this OEconomie is allmost unspeakable, All those Evills the World Labours under on Account of Religion, would fpeedily vanish like the morning dew before the sun. Upon the building of thele, all the old ill built Fabricks would fall to the ground. First the Man of Sin would tumble from his Throne like Dagon before the Ark, And how Happy and easy would the Princes of Christendom find themselves, when rid of all his Ecclefiafticall pretentions. They and their Kingdomes have tomuch Suffered by his greevous yoke and unjust usurpations (I need not Quote old storyes Wee haue a certaine King at present struggling in the Ecclesiastical Net) But this OEconomie would absolutely free them for ever from all the Scourgeing of the Ecclefiafticall whip: And wee should heare no more of Popes Kicking downe of Emperours Crownes, Thundering out Cnrses, forbidding the Subject to pay his Homage to his Lawfull Prince: All the Doleful noise of Persecution would be no more heard of in the World. All fects and partyes, would speedily vanish, And wee should have no more Flying for Religion, from one Country to another the Protestants from France or Papists from England; No Kingdom or Country turned upfide downe by Religious Men, contending to get or keep their partyes in, and to turne others out of the Government. For these preachers being Sufficiently provided for in thir respective Cittyes, all Temptation of acting irregularly would be taken away. And by this meanes Temporalls would be absolutely Seperated from Spiritualls A thing much hitherto wished for but never yet effected, And wee should heare no more of Kings imprisoning Bishops, or of Bishops dethroneing Kings, nor of this or that Party being upper or under in the Government, For these Spirituall preachers should have nothing to do in any Government, Nor should Princes or Temporall Power have anything to doe in spiritualls, for this has beene the occasion of many Evills in the World, and has corrupted the purity of the Christian doctrine, And a certaine King hath faid, fo long as it was in his power so choose Bis hops he could haue what Gospell he pleased, Therefore these spiritual! Men, in respective their Cittyes,

Cityes, (as in another place I haue said) are to be chosen by Lot as was Matchias, And hereby God as is most suff and fit will choose his owne Ministers and Servants, and then no doubt but wee shall haue the Stream to run pure. And these Streams comeing out from this Holy Citty every Month, how will they coole and refresh each Nation, there will be no dry or barren Corners therein But all things will liue, and all places be Green and slourishing where these liueing waters come. At present by the unhappynesse of the present Administration, many are the Darke Corners of the World, where the Light of the Gospell shines not, and no provision is made for Preachers. But These Gospell Angells, these Rayes of the Sun, will illuminate all the Darke Corners of Each Land, so that The Earth will be full of the Knowledge of the Lord as the Water's cover the Sea; No dry or barren corners will want watering by these ever Flowing Lights. But Iam not able to describe all the advantages of this most Excellent Oceonomie but must fend you to the Prophets who doe it very largely and

pathetically.

These things wee Suppose will come to passe to make up the fulnesse of the Gentiles which St. Paul speakes of But then as to the lewes may I speake in the Termes of the Angell, in the 12 vers of the 1: cap. of Zacha, who when the men had brought in their Report That all the Gentiles were Still and at Reft, faid, O Lord of Hofts how long wilt thou not have mercy on Jerusalem &c. Without all doubt God will Remember his promifes made to the Jewes by the mouth of all his Prophets, and will bring them and Establish them in their Owne Land, Where they will build also a Citty holy to the Lord, out which will flow Lineing Waters (vizt. Peachers) halfe of them toward the Former Sea and halfe of them toward the hinder Sea, both in Summer and in Winter, as both the Proph: Zacha: and Ezek: mention: And Paleffine being placed in the midst of the Earth, (as some Writers affirme) And Jerusalem built in the midst of Palestine, And a Jerusalem or Holy Citty built in the midst of Each Kingdome, How will every thing answer one another ? Ye Admirers of order, Ye Sons of Uniformity, Where can there be greater order and Uniformity then in fuch an OEconomie ! What a glorious Harmony will there be betwixt Thefe Holy and chast Sisters Jerufalem in Palestine being the first borne? How Glorious will the Spoule of Christ be in such Dayes? Let us be glad and Rejoyce, and give honour to him: For the marriage of the Lamb is come, and his wife hath made herselfe ready. I dare not affirme with what particular presence and manner God will Honour these Cittyes, But it is said that the Lamb will be the Light there of. And what if God should Honour these Cittyes of the Gentiles, with the same honour with which he honoured the Tabernacle and Temple of the Jewes! Who can tell! Great are his mercyes to his unworthy creatures. In our Dayly Prayers Wee beg of God that his Kingdom may come and

and that his will may be done on Earth as it is in Heaven, But I pray you tell me, was there ever a Kingdome without Cittyes? will a Few Houses make a Kingdom? God has Houses in the Earth, tis true, but as yet has no Cittyes Therefore if wee would have his Kingdome come Wee must build him Cittyes. And when in Each Kingdom he has a Citty built, they all together will make him here on Earth a Kingdom, or at Leastwise by their influence make the

whole Earth his Kingdom,

And so our Prayers of thy Kingdome come, will be fullfilled, both in a Literal and in a spiritual Sence. And as Other Kings of the Earth, amongst all their Cities. do choose one for the Royall seat of their Kingdome, so God will choose Jerusalem, and put his Throne there, and make it as it were the Head of this spirituall Kingdome. . The Prophet Ierem. saith at that Time they shall call Jerusalem The Throne of the Lord, And all Nations shall be gathered unto it. And the Proph. Mica. faith in the 4 cap. & 8 verse. And thou O Tower of Flock &c. unto Thee shall it come, even the First Dominion, The Kingdom shall come, to the Daughter of Jerusalem. Here it is said that shee shall have the First Dominion, And that the Kingdom (which we have so often beeg'd for) shall come to her, Wee know tis the Custome on Earth, that the Eldest Son or daughter shall Inherite the Crowne, Now God has here a spinituall Kingdom, And these Cittyes or Severall Churches are his daughters, But Terufalem is the Eldeft: Now to which of the Daughters should the Kingdome come? God here answers, To Thee (as the Eldest) shall it come, even the First Dominion, the Kingdom shall come to the Daughter of Jerusalem. But These Words the First Dominion, may admit of a double construction, First they may imply that all these Cityes, fisters, or Daughters, are to have Dominion But that the Holy Citty built at Jerusalem as the First and Eldest Daughter shall have The First or principall Dominion, or they may signific that all these Sisters, as Gods Daughters may have a right to the Dominion and the Kingdome, But that the Citty at Jerusalem as eldest Daughter shall have the Dominion first, And the others afterward Successively, Whether of these are the more genuine I leave to the more Judicous to determine, But for the Reasons formerly mentioned I think not that the Nature of this Dominion is Imperiall, or that the Lady at Jerusalem, should as a Queen Exercize an absolute command ouer the Rest, But I rather thinke that the nature of it relates more to order than command, And that shee shall have a Priority of order and preheminence of Respect due to her on accott. of being Eldest Sister, and as enjoying more particular honours and favours from God.

I must confesse I have sound this Little Booke in the inditeing or eating of it as Sweet as hony, I hope that no one hereafter will make it bitter in my Belly, For I have wrote Nothing but for what I have alleadged the Word of God and Great probability. The Apostle sith there are different Administrations, but one Lord. The Lord is King of the Universe, And Christ is

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the Head Administrator, and can Governe his Family after what method and manner he pleases: What therefore if he first order an Altar, then a Tabernacle, then a Temple, and then a Citty, And then at Last bring us to Heaven the New Jerusalem it selfe. The Prophet David saith, They shall passe from strength to strength untill they come to God in Sion: Heaven it selfe withour a Type, To which Place God of his infinite mercy bring us all through the merits of Jesus Christ Amen.

Post script.

The Julian and Gregorian Account of Time are both vitious and puts the world in no small confusion. I would therefore humbly propose that they both may be regulated by an exact calculation. It will not onely be the greatest honour, but also the greatest Proffes and advantage to that King or Prince Who shall undertake so Honourable a Task. Since therefore all things are to be come New, And the Angell saith that Time shall be no more (which I understand to be the Time of the old Administration, as also of the Old Vitious calculation) I hope that this Proposition will also be considered, that with the New Administration, we may have a New account of Time That wee may write Anno domi, & Anno ab Urbe conditâ.



